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Apprentices and Trainees, December Quarter 2011

NCVER, <http://www.ncver.edu.au>

About this publication

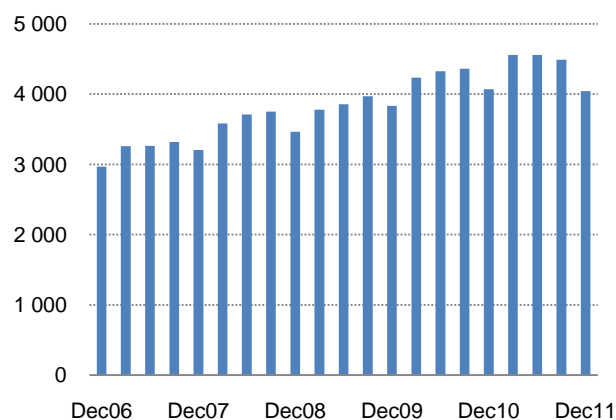
This publication provides detailed statistics on commencement, completion, withdrawal and number of apprentices and trainees currently in training for the December quarter 2011 as well as quarterly time series data from June quarter 2006

Summary

The following summarises apprentice and trainee activity in the Territory, in original terms, during the December quarter 2011.

- There were 4043 apprentices and trainees in training in the Territory as at the end of the December quarter 2011, compared with 4068 for the December quarter 2010 (Figure 1). This represents an annual decrease of 0.6 per cent compared with an increase of 2.5 per cent nationally.
- Of the number of apprentices and trainees in training, 84 per cent or 3383 were on a full-time basis.
- The gender ratio for apprentices and trainees in the Territory was consistent with the national ratio, with 66 per cent male and 34 per cent female.
- In the December quarter 2011, 424 apprentices and trainees commenced training, 494 completed their apprenticeship or traineeship and 428 cancelled or withdrew from training. This compares to 494 apprentices and trainees commencing training, 430 completing their apprenticeship or traineeship and 439 cancelling or withdrawing from training for the December quarter 2010.
- Of the 428 cancellations in the December quarter 2011, there were 378 apprentices and trainees who cancelled or withdrew within two years of commencing training, whilst 50 cancelled or withdrew after more than two years of training.
- The occupation category which had the most apprentices and trainees was technicians and trade workers with 2138 employees, followed by community and personal service workers with 538 employees and clerical and administrative workers with 456 employees (Table 2).

Figure 1: Number of apprentices and trainees in training as at the end of the quarter, Northern Territory



Source: NCVER

Table 2: Apprentices and trainees in training, by occupation, Northern Territory and Australia, December quarter 2011

	NT		Aust	
	No.	%	No.	%
Managers and professionals	170	4.2	34 718	7.7
Technicians and trades	2 138	52.9	200 507	44.7
Community and personal service	538	13.3	49 121	10.9
Clerical and administrative	456	11.3	64 976	14.5
Sales	287	7.1	43 386	9.7
Machinery operators and drivers	238	5.9	28 992	6.5
Labourers	217	5.4	27 259	6.1
Total	4 043	100.0	448 959	100.0

Source: NCVER

Corrective Services, March Quarter 2012

ABS, <http://www.abs.gov.au>

About this publication

This quarterly report presents data on prisoners in corrective service custody. Information presented includes: imprisonment rates/type and Indigenous status.

Summary

The following is a summary of prisoners incarcerated in the Territory during the March quarter 2012.

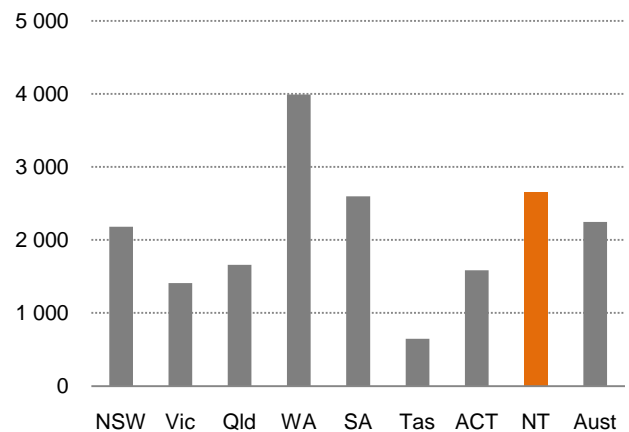
- There were 1382 full-time prisoners on average in the Territory in the March quarter 2012, an increase of 2.8 per cent compared to the same time last year. Nationally, the number of prisoners increased 0.5 per cent over the same period.
- The imprisonment rate in the Territory was 821 prisoners per 100 000 adult population. This was the highest of all jurisdictions and above the national rate of 166.
- Of the total number of full-time prisoners in the Territory, 83.1 per cent were Indigenous compared to 26.9 per cent nationally (Table 3).
- The Indigenous imprisonment rate in the Territory was 2645 per 100 000 Indigenous adults. This was the second highest of all jurisdictions behind Western Australia (3991) and above the national average of 2247 per 100 000 Indigenous adults (Figure 4).
- There were 1077 persons undertaking community based corrections during the March quarter 2012, an increase of 0.5 per cent from the same time last year. Nationally, the number of persons undertaking community based corrections declined 1.8 per cent over the same period.
- The community corrections imprisonment rate was 640 per 100 000 adults. This was the highest of all jurisdictions and above the national rate of 305.
- Of the total number of persons undertaking community based corrections in the Territory, 75.0 per cent were Indigenous compared to 19.9 per cent nationally (Table 5).

Table 3: Full time prisoners by Indigenous status, 2011

	Prisoners		Indigenous
	No.	No.	%
NSW	9 693	2 194	22.6
Vic	4 836	325	6.7
Qld	5 649	1 676	29.7
WA	4 862	1 910	39.3
SA	2 109	489	23.2
Tas	507	82	16.2
ACT	276	47	17.0
NT	1 382	1 148	83.1
Aust	29 303	7 873	26.9

Source: ABS

Figure 4: Indigenous imprisonment rate per 100 000 Indigenous adults, 2011



Source: ABS

Table 5: Community based corrections prisoners by Indigenous status, 2011

	Prisoners		Indigenous
	No.	No.	%
NSW	16 335	3 277	20.1
Vic	8 581	506	5.9
Qld	15 064	3 355	22.3
WA	4 096	1 397	34.1
SA	5 424	934	17.2
Tas	1 833	236	12.9
ACT	1 353	168	12.4
NT	1 077	808	75.0
Aust	53 763	10 681	19.9

Source: ABS

Trends in serious injury due to land transport accidents, Australia 2000-01 to 2008-09

AIHW, <http://www.aihw.gov.au>

About this publication

This report presents information on trends in the number and rate of persons injured and the number of fatalities in Australia due to road vehicle crashes for 2008-09, as well as annual data from 2000-01.

Summary

The following summarises trends in the number and rate of persons who were injured and the number of fatal injuries due to road vehicle crashes in the Territory during 2008-09.

- Between 2007-08 and 2008-09, the number of fatal injuries due to road traffic crashes in the Territory declined 18.8 per cent. This was the largest decline of the jurisdictions and compares with a national increase of 3.6 per cent over the same period (Table 6).
- In 2008-09, there were 513 persons seriously injured as a result of road vehicle traffic crashes in the Territory, with an overall age standardised serious injury rate of 217.3 per 100 000 population. This was the highest rate of the jurisdictions and above the national rate of 156.7 (Figure 7).
- Compared to 2000-01, the age standardised serious injury rate increased 0.3 per cent, the second lowest increase of the jurisdictions after South Australia (0.1 per cent) and equal to that of Victoria (0.3 per cent). Nationally, there was a 1.4 per cent increase over the same period.
- In 2008-09, there were 180 persons seriously injured with high threat to life as a result of road vehicle traffic crashes. This equates to an age standardised rate of 78.0 per 100 000 population. This was the highest rate of the jurisdictions and above the national rate of 40.1 (Figure 8).
- Compared to 2000-01, the age standardised high threat to life rate injury rate increased 0.1 per cent. This was the second lowest increase of the jurisdictions after South Australia (0.6 per cent). Nationally, there was a 1.3 per cent increase over the same period.

Table 6: Fatal injuries due to road traffic crashes, 2007-08 and 2008-09

	2007-08	2008-09	Growth
	No	No	%
NSW	376	439	16.8
Vic	330	301	-8.8
Qld	331	351	6.0
WA	221	205	-7.2
SA	107	128	19.6
Tas	41	50	22.0
ACT	14	13	-7.1
NT	69	56	-18.8
Australia	1489	1543	3.6

Source: AIHW

Figure 7: Serious injury rate due to road traffic crashes, 2008-09



Source: AIHW

Figure 8: Serious injury with high threat to life rate due to road traffic crashes, 2008-09



Source: AIHW

2011 Census of Population and Housing

ABS, <http://www.abs.gov.au>

About this publication

The 2011 Census of Population and Housing was conducted by the Australian Bureau of Statistics on the 9 August 2011.

Summary

The following is a summary of information from the 2011 Census Basic Community Profiles. Unless stated otherwise, the information below is based on Census count of usual place of residence.

Care should be taken with interpretation of the figures as it is based on preliminary Census counts of usual place of residence. It does not include adjustments for Census undercount, demographic adjustments and residents temporarily overseas.

Population

- Population figures based on the 2011 Census are presented in three different formats: place of enumeration; usual place of residence and estimated resident population. Table 9 shows the estimates of the Territory's population for each measure and the adjustment components.
- In the 2011 Census, there were 211 944 counted as usual place of residence in the Territory. This compares to 192 899 in the 2006 Census. Between the 2006 and 2011 Census, the Territory's usual place of resident population count increased by 9.9 per cent compared with 8.3 per cent nationally (Table 10).
- There were 56 777 people who identified as Indigenous in the Territory in the 2011 Census. This represents an increase of 5.8 per cent from the 2006 Census (53 665) compared to 20.5 per cent nationally (Table 11).
- The median age in the Territory was 31 years, the lowest of all states and compares to 37 years nationally.

Table 9: Northern Territory population estimates as at 9 August 2011

	Population
	'000
Place of enumeration	234.4
<i>plus</i> residents absent interstate	5.3
<i>less</i> interstate visitors	21.6
<i>less</i> overseas visitors	6.2
Usual Place of Residence	211.9
<i>plus</i> allowance for under enumeration	15.7
<i>plus</i> demographic adjustment	-
<i>plus</i> residents temporarily overseas	3.9
Estimated Resident Population	231.6

Source: ABS

Table 10: Census count of usual place of residence, total population

	2006	2011	Change
NSW	6 549 177	6 917 660	5.6%
Vic	4 932 422	5 354 042	8.5%
Qld	3 904 534	4 332 737	11.0%
WA	1 959 086	2 239 170	14.3%
SA	1 514 336	1 596 571	5.4%
Tas	476 480	495 354	4.0%
ACT	324 034	357 222	10.2%
NT	192 899	211 944	9.9%
Australia ¹	19 855 288	21 507 719	8.3%

(1) Includes 'Australian External Territories', 'Inadequately described', and 'At sea'.

Source: ABS

Table 11: Census count of usual place of residence, Indigenous population

	2006	2011	Change
NSW	138 506	172 620	24.6%
Vic	30 141	37 991	26.0%
Qld	127 580	155 826	22.1%
WA	58 709	69 666	18.7%
SA	25 555	30 432	19.1%
Tas	16 768	19 627	17.1%
ACT	3 875	5 187	33.9%
NT	53 665	56 777	5.8%
Australia ¹	455 018	548 371	20.5%

(1) Includes 'Australian External Territories', 'Inadequately described', and 'At sea'.

Source: ABS

Population (continued)

- The age profile of Indigenous people is younger than non-Indigenous people (Figure 12). The median age of Indigenous people in the Territory was 23 years compared to 21 years nationally.
- Of the Territory's population 51.7 per cent were males. Nationally, there were more females (50.6 per cent) than males (49.4 per cent) in the 2011 Census.

Place of birth

- There were 35 179 people in the Territory born overseas. Excluding 'not stated', this represents 18.2 per cent of the Territory's population. The most common overseas birth places for people in the Territory were the United Kingdom, followed by New Zealand and the Philippines (Table 13).

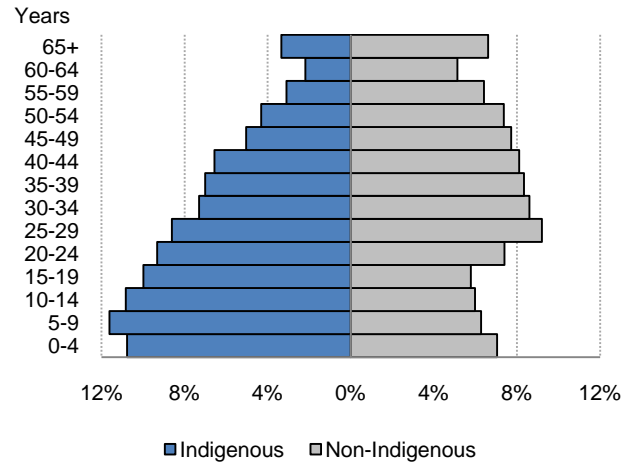
Marriage/Family

- Of the population group aged 15 years and over in the Territory, 43.1 per cent were married, 42.2 per cent have never married and 11.5 per cent were separated or divorced.
- The most common family arrangement in the Territory was 'couple with children' (46.3 per cent), followed by 'couple without children' (34.0 per cent) and 'one parent families' (17.9 per cent).

Dwelling/home ownership

- The total number of dwellings in the Territory increased 24.2 per cent to 69 484 between the 2006 and 2011 Census. Nationally, over the same period, the total number of houses increased 21.7 per cent.
- The proportion of people in the Territory who:
 - owned their own home outright was 15.6 per cent compared to 32.1 per cent nationally;
 - who owned a home with a mortgage was 30.6 per cent compared to 34.9 per cent nationally; and
 - who rented was 49.1 per cent compared with 29.6 per cent nationally.

Figure 12: Indigenous and Non-Indigenous age profile, Northern Territory (Chart 1)



Source: ABS

Table 13: Country of birth, Northern Territory

	Number	Proportion
Australia	158 030	74.6%
United Kingdom ¹	6 424	3.0%
New Zealand	3 969	1.9%
Philippines	3 585	1.7%
India	1 919	0.9%
USA	1 056	0.5%
Greece	1 012	0.5%
Indonesia	1 001	0.5%
Born elsewhere	15 244	7.7%
Not stated	18 734	8.8%
Total ²	211 943	100.0%

(1) Includes United Kingdom, Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

(2) Figures may not add due to rounding

Source: ABS

Dwelling/home ownership (continued)

- The median weekly rent in the Territory was \$225. This was the third lowest of all jurisdictions and below the national average of \$285 (Table 14).
- The average household size in the Territory was 2.9, compared to 2.6 nationally.

Income

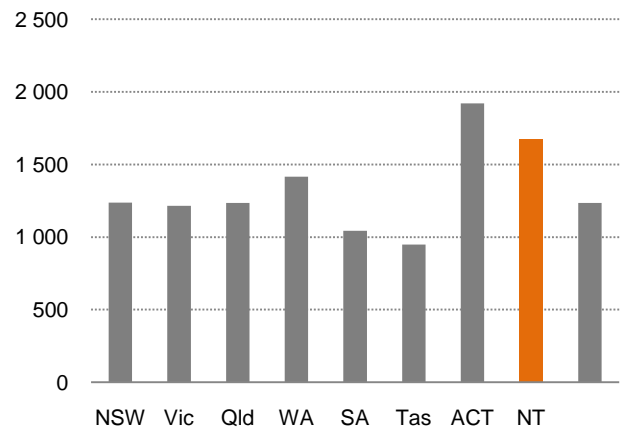
- The median weekly income in the Territory reported in the 2011 Census was:
 - \$745 for individuals compared to \$577 nationally;
 - \$1674 for households compared to \$1234 nationally (Figure 15); and
 - \$1759 for families compared to \$1481 nationally.

Table 14: Median weekly rent, 2006 and 2011

	All population	Indigenous population
	\$	\$
NSW	300	200
Vic	277	200
Qld	300	220
WA	300	158
SA	220	165
Tas	200	190
ACT	380	310
NT	225	75
Australia	285	195

Source: ABS

Figure 15: Median weekly income, 2011



Source: ABS